

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 29.

Home should be made attractive. Parents have no right to complain of the desires of their children to wander abroad when they fail to think of this duty devolving upon themselves. Frowning fathers and mothers, who despise the gratification of the tastes of their children, and refuse to render their home cheerful and pleasant by every thing that is proper and within their means, fail to fulfill their duty, and take upon themselves the responsibility of the waywardness that may be developed in their offspring.

Many youths, of both sexes, dress in most exquisite taste abroad, whose homes possess no attractions, and are not even comfortable, nor fit to receive the friends they acquire in their intercourse with the world. What is the consequence? Obviously that the affections, at least of the young and the thoughtless, are withdrawn from home, and that its dreariness is magnified by the absence of those whose gladness should be its choicest light.

Ivy upon the outer walls; carefully cherished exotic plants at its doors and windows; a musical instrument in the little parlor; books, magazines, and newspapers in convenient places; arm-chairs for the aged, and the tobacco pipe, too, if desired—these, with as good furniture as can be procured, and all neatly and tastefully arranged, will, with kind words and sympathy from parents, render the humblest cottage more attractive to their children than are all the glitter and display of fashion and dissipation that can be presented to them.

We never hear a parent complain of the indifference of a son or a daughter, without pondering as to whether these things have been thought of as a pleasure and duty, or shunned as troubles to be avoided; and the latter course has very generally been apparent.

To have the associates of one's children around the door and within the house may often, no doubt, prove an inconvenience; but what is it to the reflection, in such a city as this, that your children are abroad in the way to be tempted by the thousands of snares that are ever in their path? Were we to go forth upon a mission of love, we think it would be to urge the securing to each family an humble home-stead, and the adornment of that homestead by every means that can render it indeed a "sweet, sweet home," and the chosen refuge of families who, in their security, would not despise it for its plainness and simplicity, but together cultivate the virtues of economy, industry, affection, and contentment that should adorn it.

Col. PHILIP A. BOLLING has received and accepted the nomination of a Whig convention as the Whig candidate for Representative in Congress from the Lynchburg (fourth) district of Virginia.

C. C. LANGDON, the able editor of the *Mobile Daily Advertiser*, has been nominated as the Union candidate for Congress in that district.

JAMES ABERCROMBIE (Whig) is a candidate for Congress from the Montgomery district of Alabama, and at present has the field to himself, as Mr. YANCEY, nominated by the secession party, has declined.

ADULTERATED DRUGS.—We are informed that a committee of gentlemen, from New York, is now in this city, fortified with many papers from eminent chemists, druggists, physicians, &c., with the view of persuading the Administration to tread back the step recently taken, which removed Dr. Van Wyck from the office of Inspector of drugs in the New York custom-house, and the appointment of Dr. Bailey in his stead. We learn that Dr. Van Wyck is a Whig, and Dr. Bailey a Democrat.

FOR CHARGES.—The steamers Cherokee and Brother Jonathan sailed from New York on Monday for Charges, the former taking out 68, and the latter 157 passengers. The Ohio sailed yesterday, and among the passengers she takes out is the Hon. W. A. Duer, U. S. Consul to Valparaiso.

A HUMBUG.—The Abingdon Virginian hands around the name of one Mr. Weidmeyer, an artistic tailor, who teaches and practices cutting out. He is said to look like a walking Dutch oven, 200 pounds weight, 40 years old, anxious to get married, inquiring about the wealth of young ladies, buys any thing on credit and sells for cash at a discount, and moseys suddenly. He is not unknown in Washington, neither are his insinuating arts. If caught in this latitude, it is said he will "get fits," which he never gave to any of his clients.

MANUFACTURES AT RICHMOND.—The manufacture of axes, hatchets, and other edge tools, has been commenced at the extensive rolling-mill of Messrs. R. Archer & Co., at Richmond, Va. The *Whig* states that the work turned out is equal in quality to any made in the country.

FROM RIO JANEIRO.—The captain of the bark Gipsy, from Rio Janeiro, April 7, states that the fever had much abated. Freight to United States rather dull. Nominal rate \$1 per bag. Coffee in good demand. Weather the past week fine and pleasant, and favorable to shipping coffee.

CHOLERA IN THE WEST.—The St. Louis *Republican* states that the cholera has broken out in various towns in the interior of Indiana. At Jerseyville nine deaths had occurred in a few hours, and the excitement was so great that the circuit court, which was in session, had adjourned.

MANUFACTURES AT AUGUSTA.—The manufacture of first-class railroad cars is now successfully carried on at Augusta, Ga.

The prescriptions of physicians should be written in the vernacular of every country. On Tuesday, we learn, Godfrey Habberling, a druggist, of Williamsburg, N. Y., was taken before the court of sessions, Judge Johnson presiding, on an indictment charging him with manslaughter, in carelessly and negligently administering to Fanny Schuchter some strychnine, in lieu of salutarina, in the preparation of a prescription, and from the effects of which she died. The apothecary may be ignorant or negligent, but the use of English or German would have narrowed the chances of a blunder.

This is a precious warm day—so oppressive that it would be very heartless in any one to make a joke about it. We are sure we would not, if we had the faculty of doing such things. Jokes should in all seasons be seasoned with wit, salt—but even then are poor affairs if not reasonable. A good joker will therefore refrain altogether, or seize on a fitting opportunity for their use.

FORREST HALL.—The Young Men's Dramatic Association, of Georgetown, gave another of their entertainments last night. Again the hall was crowded, and again displayed most exquisite female beauty, interesting everybody, though no damsels *a la Turk* appeared. We observed many visitors from Washington. Shiel's tragedy of the apostate was first represented. A material improvement in acting soon became evident—owing, probably, to the instruction of Mr. Glenn, the stage director. The native strength of this company will now be developed, and we may anticipate with certainty a rapid increase of enjoyment. Pescara, (Mr. W. Shanks), Hemeya, (Mr. B. O'Reilly), Malec, (Mr. J. B. Newton), and Florida, (Celestine), were the best performers. Let us suggest, however, that Pescara be more careful of his attitudes, and Florida less so of her (his) voice, that it may be heard throughout the hall. A louder tone would not be inappropriate to the gentle sex, for it may still remain graceful and delicate. The whole play went off finely, was much applauded, and Pescara was called out.

The comic song, by a member, was well enough, but too much like the song of last week. Give us variety, even here.

Then the grand personages of Bombastes Furioso strutted forward—all the sublime army of the renowned general—all the love-royal dignity of Distaffina—all the full-robbed royalty of him "Who loved his Queen, and Distaffina too."

The burlesque was well produced, and received with shouts of laughter. Sundry little boys and fair-cheeked girls went off incontinently into raptures; nor did older ones succeed in restraining their mirth in compliment to their dignity.

RIGHT.—The dry-goods merchants have determined to close their stores at 8 o'clock. We should like to see the grocery merchants imitating the good example.—*Georgetown Reporter*.

Eight o'clock? It looks like a reasonable proposition; but a couple of hours earlier would be found, after a week's trial, to incommode nobody.

PATRICK MURPHY was to-day arrested in Georgetown, by Officer Tucker, on a warrant issued by Justice Donn, charging him with stealing a gold watch. He has been committed to prison to await his trial before the Criminal Court.

MARKETING.—It is a pleasant task to market for yourself. Rise with the sun, dress becomingly but not finely, take your basket on your arm, buy your meats first, then your butter, then your vegetables, (including strawberries and such-like), then a bunch or two of flowers, then a splendid ice cream at Richardson's stand; and then you are ready to return home. This is the fashionable routine now-a-days.

SCIENTIFIC EXCHANGES.—Messrs. Editors: His Excellency Chevalier S. de Macedo, Minister Plenipotentiary from Brazil to our country, in company with Robert C. Schenck, Minister from this country to that, expects, in a few days, to take ship at Norfolk for Brazil. The Brazilian Minister expects to be absent on the visit to his country for six months, and will receive with great pleasure, from any young hands in Washington or elsewhere, specimens of drawing, writing, mechanism, or other juvenile products, for the benefit of Brazilian schools. Specimens for this object can be left at A. Gray's bookstore, Seventh street, opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall.

Very truly yours, H.

AT A DISADVANTAGE.—A boy about ten years old boxed the ears of a juvenile of fourteen very soundly this morning on Seventh street, until the elder fellow blubbered out and shed copious tears. The poor fellow was on his way from market, and had a basket of eggs on his head, requiring both hands to steady it! The morning was warm, and any thing cool should have been deemed refreshing; but this was rather too cool. The little one's turn will come next to carry a basket of eggs on his head!

CITY REAL ESTATE.—A gentleman who is very familiar with all questions relating to the value of real estate in this city assures us that the entire rentable property of the city, after paying the taxes, repairs, insurance, &c., does not average over six per cent. on the cash value of the property. But the steady increase in the value of this property, past, present and future, is not, we presume, taken into the account.

Persons wishing to buy or sell lands in Maryland or Virginia will do well to give attention to the card of Mr. H. N. Gilbert. He is a skillful, attentive and faithful agent, and will promote the interests of all who shall employ him. Northern men desirous of removing to this region will especially do well to apply to him.

ECKHART, at the corner of 9th and F streets, is a benefactor to the city at this oppressive season of the year, and his confections and ice creams are the delights of thousands by day and night. The customer is welcomed to a pleasant apartment by a pleasing attendant, and feasted until he knows no other word but pleasure and its derivatives.

SWINDLERS AND BURGARS.—There have lately arrived in New York nearly a hundred Italian beggars, armed and equipped with documents, made out with care, purporting to prove them "political exiles," "shipwrecked passengers," or persons who have been robbed, &c. These persons, there is good reason to believe, are professional beggars, whose business at home is begging. About thirty have gone to fleece the good and charitable of Philadelphia. It is supposed there are twelve hundred of these now in the United States.

At Akron, Ohio, the wool trade has begun. Several lots have been purchased at thirty to forty cents—being four to five cents per pound advance on last year's prices.

WHEAT AND CORN IN HIGHLAND COUNTY.—The official returns of the assessors show that in 1850, this county had 38,891 acres of wheat, and 48,615 acres of corn, yielding 465,392 bush of wheat, and 1,604,618 bush of corn.

INDIAN TROUBLES.—The St. Paul (Minnesota) *Pioneer*, of May 15th, contains the following particulars in regard to an incipient war between the Sioux and Chippewa Indians:

The quarrel commenced about the middle of April upon disputed hunting-grounds, between a party of Sioux hunters and a party of Chippewa hunters. The hunting-ground in question is ground which the Chippewas claim to own by conquest from the Sioux, but which the Sioux seem determined not to relinquish. Early in April, upon this disputed ground, the Sioux fired upon and killed a Chippewa half-breed. Soon after, one of a party of Chippewa hunters, of the Pillager band, having spied out a lodge containing five Sioux, returned to his three companions, who went by his guidance to the Sioux lodge, in the night, and who surrounded the lodge and fired upon the inmates, who were asleep in their blankets, killing two men and one child at the first discharge, when the lodge fell down and the Chippewas continued to fire through the skins of which it was made, wherever they could perceive any motion. One of the Sioux squaws crept out from under the lodge, and tried to crawl off. Two Chippewas followed her up and discharged their rifles at her; but discovering that she was only a squaw, one of them magnanimously stepped forward and knocked her brains out with the breach of his rifle. They took prisoner a little child; but finding him too troublesome, one of them took the little fellow by the heels and dashed out his brains against a tree.

Gov. Ramsey has written to the Chippewa agent, Mr. Watrous, requesting him to demand of the Chippewa Chiefs the surrender of these murderers; but it is not probable they will be given up. In the mean time, the various bands of Sioux, hearing of these atrocities, are stirred up with full purposes of vengeance. A few days since, a band of 180 Warpedon Sioux warriors, armed and painted, took the war-path, and by the last accounts were directing their march against the Chippewas at Mille Lac. About the same time another small war party of Sioux from another band left, and it is believed are going to attack the Chippewas who live near the river St. Croix. When further hostilities may result from these movements, we are fearful of conjecturing. The absence of the Governor at this time, who is superintendent of Indian affairs, and has great influence with all the tribes, is to be much regretted; and we are glad to hear that his return from Washington is now expected.

THE "LONG, LOW, RAKISH" AGAIN!—The *Newburyport Mercury*, of the 24th, contains the following:

There has been much excitement in town in regard to the schooner Flirt, Capt. Townsend, which put in here on Tuesday, with split sails, &c. The Flirt, formerly in the United States service, cleared from New York for Bahia, Brazil, with a load of ice. The facts that have come to us in regard to her movements are these: The Captain, in company with a young man, came on shore with the split sails, which he left at the loft of Mr. Freeborn, to be repaired. While there he purchased a number of needles, for the want of which he said they had been forced to make a harbor.

The next morning the captain and his companion went to Providence. The former returned in the afternoon boat, and the latter by the way of Boston in the evening. The pilot remained on board all night, and the next morning, when orders were passed forward to get under weigh, the crew refused to go to work. A few words from the captain silenced them, and the vessel put to sea. After leaving her, the pilot found a man stowed away in his boat, who gave as a reason for desertion that he did not like the appearance of things, and that the schooner was either a slaver or fitted for an expedition against Cuba.

She certainly presented an unusual appearance. Her fore and aft deck was covered with casks of water; she had a large complement of men, but only five of them appeared on deck; of naval stores she had a large supply, and her cargo—as far as could be ascertained—was ice. Every thing on board of her looked in confusion; but her papers, which the captain carried about in his pocket, were found correct.

Further facts have been elicited through a Block Islander, who informed the collector that a suspicious-looking schooner had been cruising off that island for several days, and that two gentlemen, who had been on the island for some time, went on board of her. The cutter was sent out by the west passage to look up the schooner, but she had already come to anchor in the harbor, and had been boarded at 5 a. m. by the inspector.

We may add that some fishing vessels report her as having gone into the Vineyard, after the pilot left her, instead of keeping on her voyage, for which she had good wind and weather.

THE RIOT AT HOBOKEN.—The facts, as far as our reporters have been able to ascertain them, are, that the riot was provoked, in the first instance, by a gang of bullies who, under various epithets, have for some time past infested this community, and whose members cultivate brutality and pursue outrage as a profession and amusement. On Monday these persons beset the Germans peacefully assembled at Hoboken with their wives and children, to celebrate their national festival of Pentecost, as they have done for several years past. The intruders had refreshments for which they refused to pay; and when the demand was insisted on, responded by breaking up the booths at which they had been entertained. Thus assailed and provoked to fight, the Germans naturally took the matter into their own hands, and a dreadful riot ensued, in which both parties seem to have fought with equal ferocity. Neither police nor military force were at hand to stop it, and the one or two magistrates who sought to intervene were knocked down and injured by the combatants, and for some hours the battle raged with fury, the Germans finally proving victorious, and bringing off their women and children to this side of the river. Life was lost, severe wounds received, and property destroyed.

These we take to be the facts, although a different story is put forth in behalf of the Short Boys, as the more prominent antagonists of the Germans designate themselves. Whether our judgment is correct or not, will, we trust, soon be decided by a thorough judicial inquiry; and meantime there is no injustice in saying that the probabilities are altogether against the party whom we have designated as the aggressors. They are notorious bullies, vagabonds and rampant disturbers of the peace; while the Germans, in general, bear the character of orderly, industrious, and useful citizens. This is the fifth year that we have known of their *Maifest* at Hoboken, and never before has it been attended by any disturbance. The inference from all the facts about them is, that if they had not been assailed it would now have passed off with the usual gaiety and good feeling which form prominent elements of their national character.—*N. Y. Tribune*.

THE LOVERS OF SCIENCE OF late make more general use than formerly of optical instruments to assist them in their investigations. Geology and Botany are aided materially by the vast power of the microscope; and not only the students of these sciences, but the lovers of landscape scenery, resort to the telescope for the gratification of their curiosity and taste. This increased demand is attended with the production of improved instruments at reduced prices; and we are assured that very superior opportunities are offered to purchasers by Mr. STEPHENS, Esq., north side of Pennsylvania avenue, between 4th and 6th streets.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for this paper.

NEW YORK, May 29—1 p. m.
The steamer Brother Jonathan, which sailed on Monday, returned for repairs, having broken her cross-head. She will be detained several weeks.

BALTIMORE, May 29—2 p. m.
Nothing done in flour to-day.

GEORGETOWN AND ITS AFFAIRS.

GEORGETOWN, May 29—12 m.
At the Ladies' Festival last night there was a perfect crowd, and every thing passed off in the most agreeable manner—so much so that they have concluded to continue it to-night. The net receipts for the two nights passed amounted to the snug sum of \$165. Just say to the old bachelors and young gentlemen of your city, that for 22½ cents each they may get a delightful ride in one of Admiral Reside's fine stages, to and from Georgetown, spend the evening in the company of some of the Georgetown beauties, and perhaps pave the way for future happiness.

At Forrest Hall last night there was a full house—a large portion of whom were ladies. The Mayor of Georgetown, the Marshal of the District of Columbia, and a number of our most respectable citizens, together with many ladies and gentlemen from Washington, were present. The performance gave entire satisfaction—every character being well sustained. At the solicitation of the audience, they have consented to repeat it next week.

Officer Jones arrested yesterday afternoon two of the Messrs. Dowling, under a warrant charging them with an assault and battery upon Thomas Hunter. Justice Pearson held them to bail for their appearance at court. Mr. Hunter, I understand, is much better.

A new era in trade—a steamer passed down the Potomac yesterday with two Cumberland coal boats in tow, bound to New York; and I understand that the Virginia, which reached here last night, intends taking the same route.

I saw this morning, at the dock of Captain More, a canal boat which he is fitting up in elegant style, especially for the accommodation of pleasure parties to the Great Falls and other points on the canal.

Flour and Grain Market.—There was a sale yesterday afternoon of 2,500 bushels of extra quality wheat at 93c., which is considered a little over the standard price. Also, a sale of 700 bushels of oats at 42c., struck measure. Both of the above sales to Wm. H. Edes. Also, a sale of 400 bbls. of flour, to John A. Grimes, at \$4.12½. Corn is selling at 57¢/60.

Arrivals.—Packet schr. Senator, Curly master, New York, to F. and A. H. Dodge.

Canal Trade.—Arrived, John C. Calhoun, 69 miles, 40 tons of pig iron; Ariel, Camb., coal; Montour, Camb., coal; American Eagle, Camb., coal; tow-boat Virginia, Camb.; H. G. Phelps, Camb., coal; Wm. H. Harrison, 20 miles, wood; Eagle, 124 miles, 2,500 bushels of wheat; C. C. Smoot, 124 miles, bark, &c.; Millard Fillmore, Camb., coal; Pacific, Camb., coal; Wm. Jackson, 62 miles, limestone and hay; Martha Francis, 62 miles, limestone; Francis, 23 miles, flour, oil, &c.

Departed.—Lewis Cass, Southampton, Col. H. Clay, F. Thomas, J. P. Smart, W. A. Harper, Texas. ELECTRO.

FREE BANKING.—Massachusetts has joined New York, Ohio, Virginia, New Jersey, and other States, in the adoption of a new bank system. The law is an entirely new feature in Massachusetts banking. The purport of the law is to allow the banking man to issue bank notes based upon State or town stocks, with a bona fide capital paid in, not less than one hundred thousand dollars.

FORGERY.—Thomas McIntosh, a merchant doing business in New York city, was on Tuesday arrested by officer Patterson, of the Lower Police Court, and Nevins of the District Attorney's office, charged with forging the name of his father, John McIntosh, to the back of a note.

EAST TIME.—The Cleveland *Herald* of Thursday last makes record of the arrival of two gentlemen in that city, who breakfasted at the Astor, New York, on Wednesday, slept on the Saratoga Wednesday night, and dined at the Franklin House, in Cleveland, on Thursday. They made the trip from New York to Dunkirk in seventeen hours and forty-one minutes.

Young gentlemen who would prosper in love should woo gently. It is not fashionable for ladies to take ardent spirits.

Our readers in this city will oblige us by giving prompt information at our office of any omissions of the Carriers. may 29—

MARRIAGE.

On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. O. B. Brown, Mr. JOHN KEITHLEY to Miss MARY RIGSBY, all of this city.

DEATHS.

On Wednesday, the 28th instant, LUCINDA ALBERT, youngest daughter of J. C. and CECILIA MARIA COOK, aged six years, four months and two days.

On Tuesday evening, the 27th instant, after an illness of only five hours, of dropsy on the brain, MARY, infant daughter of ESTHER E. and REBECCA O'BRIEN, aged 1 year 7 months, and 18 days.

FOURTH WARD.

THOS. H. HAYEN is presented to the voters of the Fourth Ward for re-election to the Common Council. may 29—14

The Washington Athenaeum will hold its regular meeting on to-morrow (Friday) evening, May 30th, at Temperance Hall, commencing at 7½ o'clock. Subject for discussion, "Should National Taxation be Direct or Indirect?" The public are respectfully invited to attend. J. F. MOFFETT, Sec'y.

WANTED.—A half-grown white or colored girl, to nurse a child in a small family; one that can come well recommended will hear of a good situation. A colored girl would be preferred. For further information apply at this office. may 29—2

VIRGINIA AND MARYLAND LAND AGENCY. H. N. GILBERT has opened an office in Washington, D. C., where he will give his prompt attention to all those who will favor him with the agency to sell farms in Virginia, Maryland, or the District of Columbia. Having followed farming heretofore, and being a southerner by birth, he can appreciate the wants of such as come from the North for the purpose of locating farms in this vicinity. He has the agency to sell a goodly number of farms in Virginia, and those coming from the North would do well to call, before purchasing, at his residence on Pennsylvania avenue, first square west of the Capitol Gate. may 29—72m

NOTICE. BY VIRTUE of a writ of *restitutio expensis*, issued by THOMAS C. DICK, esq., a Justice of the peace for the District of Columbia, and to me directed, I shall offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, on Monday, June 30th, at 10 o'clock, p. m., the following property, to wit: House and lot No. 10, in square 888. Seized and taken as the property of John A. Bauer, and will be sold to satisfy a judgment in favor of John R. Ardison. The above sale to take place on the premises, on Fourth and a-half street, west near Maryland avenue. may 29—24ts JAMES F. TUCKER, Constable.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels,

Up to 12 o'clock, m., to-day.

United States—Ana Fish, Myrtle Bridge, Conn.; John O. Tod, Texas.

Commercial.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, May 28—5 p. m.
We note sales to-day of 1400 bbls city mills flour at \$4.37½. More is wanted at the same price, but sellers ask \$4.50.
We quote good to strictly prime Maryland red wheats at 90¢/96c.

Sales of corn at 60c. for white, and 58¢/59c. for yellow, mostly at the latter. Sales also of Pennsylvania yellow at 56c.
Sales of Pennsylvania bbls whisky continue to be made at 23c., and of bbls at 22c.—*American*.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28—6 p. m.
Flour dull—sales of 500 bbls common brands at \$4.25. Corn dull—\$3.75. Rye flour \$3.50.
Sales of red wheat at 90¢/98c.; white do. 102c. Yellow corn 60¢/61c.

Rice coffee 9½¢/9½¢. Whisky 22¢/23c. per gallon.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, May 28—6 p. m.
The flour market is dull, and prices declining. Sales to-day of 9000 bbls at \$3.90¢/4.00¢ for common to straight State brands. Southern \$4.00¢/4.02½¢. Genesee \$4.02½¢. Rye flour \$5.50. Corn meal \$3.

Small sales red wheat at 90¢/100c. Genesee 116c. Sales of 50,000 bushels corn at 24¢/25c. for mixed and southern yellow. Oats 46¢/47c.; rye 75c.
Sales of old mess pork, 400 bbls, at \$14.87, and prime at \$13. Lard 9½¢/10c.
Coffee 9½¢/9½¢ to 10c.
Whisky is selling in bbls at 23¢/23½¢.

Gibbs Hair-cutting Rooms, open daily for the reception of customers.
Wigs, Scalps, and Toupees on hand, or made to order on the most approved principles. may 29—31rf

The Union Literary Society will hold its next stated meeting at Woodbury's Academy, corner 14 and 15th streets, at 8 o'clock, before 8, this (Thursday) evening. An essay will be read by one of the members. Question for debate—"Did ancient or modern times produce the better specimens of oratory?"—will be continued. The public are invited to attend. may 29—14

Sons of Temperance.—A special meeting of the Grand Division of the District of Columbia will be held in the west room of Temperance Hall, on Thursday evening, 29th instant, at 8 o'clock.
may 29—21 R. GRAY CAMPBELL, G. S.

Nominations and Announcements of Candidates for office are charged as other advertisements in this paper. may 19

THIRD WARD.

Messrs. Editors: Please announce the following ticket to the voters of the Third Ward: For Alderman—DR. J. M. ROBERTS; Common Council—SILAS H. HILL, E. F. QUEEN, J. A. M. DEANSON; Collector—DR. R. M. CHAPIN; Surveyor—HENRY W. BALL; Register—W. J. MCNEHRAN; Assessor—GEORGE H. PLANT. may 28—14

FOURTH WARD.

JESSE FLOWMAN is a Candidate for the office of ASSESSOR, and will be supported by MANY VOTERS. may 28—14

SECOND WARD.

MICHAEL R. COOMBS is an independent Candidate for ASSESSOR in this Ward. may 27—14

SECOND WARD.

Messrs. Editors: You are requested to announce the following ticket for the Second Ward: For Collector—ROBERT J. ROCHIE; Alderman—JOHN A. BLAKE; Common Councilmen—NICHOLAS CALLAN, JOHN F. KENNIS, JOEL DOWNER; Register—W. J. MCNEHRAN; Surveyor—W. DE MAINE; Assessor—GEORGE H. PLANT. may 27—14

FIFTH WARD.

At the ensuing election FREDERICK WHITEY will be supported as a Candidate for the Board of Common Council, by MANY VOTERS. may 27—14

SECOND WARD.

Messrs. Editors: Please announce the following ticket to the voters of the Second Ward: For Collector—ROBERT J. ROCHIE; Alderman—JOHN A. BLAKE; Common Councilmen—NICHOLAS CALLAN, GEORGE W. STEWART, JOEL DOWNER; Register—WILLIAM J. MCNEHRAN; Assessor—GEORGE H. PLANT; Surveyor—HENRY W. BALL. may 27—14

THIRD WARD.

C. P. WANNALL is a candidate to represent this Ward in the Common Council of the city. may 26—14

SEVENTH WARD.

JAMES HARRISON is a Candidate in this Ward for the Common Council. may 26—14

SECOND WARD.

Messrs. Editors: Please announce the following ticket: For Collector of Taxes—R. J. ROCHIE; Alderman—JOHN WILSON; Surveyor—W. DE MAINE; Assessor—GEORGE H. PLANT; Register—F. MCNEHRAN; Common Councilmen—W. STEWART, NICHOLAS CALLAN, JAMES R. BARR. may 26—NTH&S

SECOND WARD TICKET.

For Alderman—JOHN WILSON; Common Councilmen—NICHOLAS CALLAN, JAMES R. BARR, JOEL DOWNER; Collector—ROBERT J. ROCHIE; Register—W. J. MCNEHRAN; Assessor—GEORGE H. PLANT; Surveyor—HENRY W. BALL. may 26—NTH&S

SECOND WARD.

DANIEL HAUPTMAN is presented to the voters of the Second Ward, as a suitable person for ASSESSOR, at the ensuing election, and will be supported by MANY VOTERS. may 27—NTH&S

SECOND WARD.

The following ticket will be warmly supported in the SECOND WARD by numerous voters: For Alderman—JOHN WILSON; Common Councilmen—NICHOLAS POWELL, NICHOLAS CALLAN, JAMES R. BARR; Collector—R. J. ROCHIE; Surveyor—JAS. L. CATCATCH; Assessor—GEO. H. PLANT. TUTH&S

FOURTH WARD.

JOHN MAQUIER is presented to the voters of the Fourth Ward as a candidate for ASSESSOR, and will be supported by MANY VOTERS. may 26—MYTH&S

CITY COLLECTOR.

Messrs. Editors: You will please announce Dr. R. M. CHAPIN as a candidate for the office of Collector of Taxes at the ensuing June election. may 26—14

CITY COLLECTOR.

The undersigned presents himself to the citizens of Washington as a Candidate for the office of COLLECTOR OF TAXES. It may be proper to state that, for twelve years past, the duties of his office under the Corporation have been to digest and make up from the returns of the Assessors and other sources, the tax-books for the use of the Collector, from which the tax-bills are copied. The manner in which he has discharged his duties during that time is, he trusts, a sufficient guaranty to his fellow-citizens of his qualifications for the office. W. E. HOWARD.

CITY SURVEYOR.

We respectfully present to the consideration of the people of W. DE MAINE, as a suitable candidate for City Surveyor at the ensuing election. This gentleman is in every way qualified to discharge the duties of that office, and will be supported by MANY. may 26—14

THIRD WARD.

GENTLEMEN: I take the liberty of nominating J. A. M. DUNCANSON, esq., to the voters of the Third Ward for the Board of Common Council. He is not only qualified to represent well the peculiar local interest of the Third Ward, but the general interests of the whole city. H. may 24—14

THIRD WARD.

JOSEPH W. DAVIS is presented to the voters of Third Ward as a candidate for the Board of COMMON COUNCIL, and will be supported by MANY VOTERS. may 17—14

FOURTH WARD.